

楽しみながら英語を身につけましょ!

ET PEOPLE!

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GAMES · PUZZLES · QUIZZES · JOKES...



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POP QUIZ!

Did you read last month's ETP? Take the quiz!
Fill in the blanks with the choices below.

下の表現を使って空欄を埋めましょう。

manage to • apply for • unemployed
curious • dorm • assured me
can't afford • make a toast

- A: Where does your brother work?
B: He's () at the moment*.
- A: In college, did you live on campus?
B: Yes. My () room was tiny, but I loved it!
- A: How did you () finished the project on time?
B: Luckily, my coworkers helped a lot.
- A: Are you going to Hawaii this winter?
B: Not this year. With two kids in college, we () to go.
- A: Can we use our phones in Europe?
B: Yes. The sales guy () that we can use them there. And he said texting is free, but calls are expensive.
- A: My son is *driving me crazy**! He won't stop asking me question.
B: Aw. He's just ()! That's a good thing!
- A: Did you see this *job listing**?
B: No. What's it for?
A: For a *pastry chef** at Petite Pâtisserie!
You should () it!
- A: I'd like to (). To my wonderful parents. Thank you for always encouraging me to follow my dreams! *Cheers**!
All: Cheers!

Answers on p. 11.

- **at the moment** = 今, 今のところ
- **drive someone crazy** = 人の気を狂わせる
- **job listing** = 求人情報
- **pastry chef** = パティシエ, ケーキ料理長
- **Cheers!** = 乾杯!

MATCHING

The examples below use
IF + HAD DONE, WOULD HAVE DONE
[~していたら、... したでしょう]

Can you match the parts that go together?
上と下をつないで意味の通る文章を作りましょう。

- If they had studied harder, ... [1]=[b]
If you had asked her for help, ... [2]=[]
If you had eaten all of the candy, ... [3]=[]
If Bob hadn't been late for work, ... [4]=[]
If I had known it was a casual party, ... [5]=[]
Simon wouldn't have **overslept** ... [6]=[]
Their team would have won ... [7]=[]
My family would have had to move [8]=[]
to California ...

- [a] ... if he had set his alarm.
[b] ... they would have passed the test.
[c] ... she would have helped you.
[d] ... if my dad had **accepted the job** at Google.
[e] ... I wouldn't have worn a tuxedo.
[f] ... you would have gotten a stomachache.
[g] ... if Jack hadn't dropped the ball in the last few minutes of the game.
[h] ... his boss wouldn't have gotten mad and fired him.

- oversleep = 寝坊する
- accept a job = 仕事を引き受ける
- fire someone = 人を首にする

Answers on p. 11.

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1-POINT QUIZ

ボックス内の例を見て、ルールを考えて、クイズを解いてみましょう。

Using **A ~ OF MINE/YOURS/HIS/HERS/OURS/THEIRS/JOHN'S** can be confusing.

Look at the examples below:

- ① Mary is **my friend**.
≠ Mary is **a friend of mine**.
- ② I read **his book**.
≠ I read **a book of his**.
- ③ We met **Ken's teacher**.
≠ We met **a teacher of Ken's**.

What's the Rule?

Circle the correct answer.

- ① In the two sentences in ① above, **[my friend • a friend of mine]** means "my only friend" or "the friend I spoke about before," and it is clear which friend the speaker is talking about. (限定的)
- ② In the two sentences in ① above, **[my friend • a friend of mine]** means "one of my friends," and it's not clear which friend the speaker is talking about. (不定的)

Note: Native speakers sometimes we use "my friend" instead of "a friend of mine."

Circle the correct choice in each sentence.

1. I lost [**my passport • a passport of mine**] when I was in Italy.
2. I have an appointment with [**my dentist • a dentist of mine**] tomorrow.
3. Our school's baseball players bought [**their coach • a coach of theirs**] a gift.
4. If he's late for work again, [**his boss • a boss of theirs**] will *fire** him.
5. When Kelly was in Tokyo, she stayed with [**her relative* • a relative of hers**].
6. I *messed up** his order, so I *apologized** to him for [**my mistake • a mistake of mine**].
7. A: You smoke? I didn't know that!
B: It's [**my bad habit* • a bad habit of mine**].
8. A: J.R. Croft's tenth novel came out today!
B: Oh! I read [**his book • a book of his**] last month. It was really scary!
9. A: The radio station plays some of Tom's band's songs now!
B: I know! I heard [**their song • a song of theirs**] in the car on the way here!
10. A: Oh, no! My computer *died** and my report is due tomorrow!
B: I have three computers. You can use [**my computer • a computer of mine**].

- fire someone = 人を首にする
- relative = 親戚
- mess up A = Aを間違える
- bad habit = 悪い癖
- apologize = 謝る
- die = 故障する

Answers on p. 11.

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このページには、様々な英語学習教材の広告が掲載されています。主な教材は以下の通りです：

- カタカナ英語** (Katakana English)
- その英語は、耳はずかしい!** (That English is so hard to hear!)
- 先生、その英語は使いません!** (Teacher, I don't use that English!)
- VS 英文法** (VS Grammar)
- その英語、カタすぎます** (That English is too kata)
- 世界と話そう! おもてなし英語** (Let's talk about the world! Hospitality English)
- ずるい英語表現 100** (100 Sneaky English Expressions)
- 英語で 東京 道案内** (English in Tokyo: Directions)
- 英語で 大阪(京都) 道案内** (English in Osaka (Kyoto): Directions)
- 日本人の英語は勘違いだらけ?** (Are Japanese people's English full of misunderstandings?)
- 日本人の英語表現 100** (100 Japanese English Expressions)
- 日本人が勘違いしているカタカナ英語 120** (120 Japanese English Expressions that Japanese people misunderstand)
- 「インスタ映え」は英語でなんと説明する?** (How do you explain 'Instagrammable' in English?)
- ネイティブにスツと伝わる英語表現の言い換え 700** (700 Alternative Ways to Express Native English)
- 日本人が思いつかない 3語で言える英語表現 186** (186 English Expressions You Can't Think of with 3 Words)
- 日本人が言えそうで言えない英語表現 650** (650 English Expressions Japanese People Can Say but Don't Know)
- 朝から晩まで英語表現 200** (200 English Expressions from Morning to Night)
- 「sold over 100,000!** (Sold over 100,000!)
- 「Do you use LINE?」** (Do you use LINE?)
- 「Are you seeing anybody?」** (Are you seeing anybody?)
- 「Are you cheating on me?」** (Are you cheating on me?)
- 「What a trouble!」** (What a trouble!)
- 「Need some help?」** (Need some help?)
- 「I feel like pizza.」** (I feel like pizza.)
- 「I want to eat pizza.」** (I want to eat pizza.)
- 「I feel like pizza.」** (I feel like pizza.)
- 「I want to eat pizza.」** (I want to eat pizza.)



FOLLOW **ETPEOPLE!** AND TAKE THE **micro lesson quiz**

Fill in the blanks with the choices below.
 下の表現を使って空欄を埋めましょう。

**arrogant • blind date • bedside manner
 knockoff • braces • prehistoric
 went wrong • has a screw loose**

1. A: How did you and John first meet?
 B: We met on a ().
 My cousin set us up!
2. A: That actor is very **humble** in real life.
 B: But he's so good at playing such an
 () guy!
3. A: I love that dress!
 B: Thanks! It's a ()
 of one of Kate Middleton's dresses.
4. A: I have to find an **orthodontist**.
 B: Oh, why?
 A: Henry needs ().
5. A: I smell bread! Did you bake some?
 A: Yes, but look. I'm afraid something
 (). It's as hard
 as a **brick**.
6. A: Your doctor is Dr. Moore? He's good!
 B: Yes, he's a very good doctor, but his
 () is not great.
 A: I've heard that about him.
7. A: Have you ever met the guy with purple
 hair that lives in that orange house?
 B: Yes, once. He rarely leaves the house.
 A: I hear he ()!
8. A: Does Timmy like dinosaurs?
 B: Oh, my gosh, yes. He loves dinosaurs,
saber-toothed tigers and all kinds of
 () animals. Why?
 B: My kids have some **hand-me-down**
 books he might like!

Answers on p. 11

- **humble (person)** = 偉ぶらない(人), 控えめな(人)
- **orthodontist** = 歯科矯正医
- **brick** = れんが
- **saber-toothed tiger** = 剣歯虎
- **hand-me-down A** = お下がりのA

Sentence Scramble

Can you unscramble E-class's sentences?
 単語を並べ替えて文章を作りましょう。

These sentences use **WITHOUT ~ING**
 【 ~せずに ・ ~なしに ・ ~しないで 】

例: my use Don't asking
 without computer

Don't use my computer
without asking.

1. the left They party
 saying goodbye without

2. got She her family
 telling married without

3. My bed his son
 makes being asked without

4. I that can't word spell
 using without a dictionary

5. at all, she pass the test
 Without studying managed to

Answers on p. 11.

The Matchmaker

When Leslie graduated from **law school** in 2012, she started working for a **law firm** in her hometown, Washington, New Jersey. Later she was recruited by a bigger firm in Newark, so she moved there. She liked the job, and she worked hard. Then, a few years later, she was offered a **position** at a **respected** law firm in New York. **Naturally**, she took the job.

That job kept Leslie busy for a few years. But when she turned thirty, she started thinking about her future. She loved working, but she also wanted to meet a **nice guy**, get married and start a family. The problem was that she didn't have time for a **social life**.

That's when Leslie's aunt Dotty offered to help. She was nicknamed "the matchmaker" because she had **set up** lots of couples. She **claimed to be** responsible for over thirty marriages. In fact, she was the person who had introduced Leslie's own parents!

"Don't worry, Leslie," said Dotty. "There is someone out there for everyone. You just need a little help finding him! Leave it to me."

Leslie thought a little help **couldn't hurt**, so she told Dotty to begin the search. A few days later, Dotty called Leslie and said, "You've got a date this Saturday night."



"I do?" said Leslie. "With who? And where are we going?"

"He's a successful businessman. He's a gentleman. He's never been married, but he wants to get married. That's all you need to know. Just be ready at 7:00. He'll pick you up at your place. He'll be driving a red, 1989 Porsche 959."

"OK," said Leslie. "**Here goes nothing!**"

On Sunday, Dotty called Leslie to ask about the date.

"So, how was it? Was he nice?" she asked.

"Well, yes, he was nice, but ..."

"But what?" asked Dotty. "Was he late?"

"No, he was on time. And he showed up in the red, 1989 Porsche 959, just as you said he would."

"So what was the problem?"

"Well, you didn't tell me he was the original owner of that car!"

law school = 法科大学院

law firm = 法律事務所

position = (組織や社会内の) 地位, 職

respected = 評判の高い

Naturally, ... = 当然ながら、...

nice guy = いい人

social life = 社会生活

set someone up = 人のデートをお膳立てする

claim to be = ~だと主張する

can't hurt = 試すくらい、いいでしょ。

Here goes nothing! = 駄目もとでやってみるか。

show up = 来る, 現れる

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PREPOSITIONS

Put the prepositions in the blanks to finish Yuko's story. Use each ONLY ONCE and write X if none is needed.

空欄の前置詞を入れましょう。それぞれ一度しか使うことはできません。前置詞が必要ない場所には X を入れてください。 Answers on p. 11.

at of to from over with X

I love Kaneko Kohyo's **pottery**. Giyaman is the best of them all! It is a kind of **porcelain** with a special glass-like **glaze**. Giyaman plates are exported (a)_____ many foreign countries, including England, France, Germany, Finland, and America. A few years ago, Giyaman plates were used for a dinner party (b)_____ the **Palace** of Versailles. Giyaman plates became famous at that moment. Then, a lot of restaurants all (c)_____ the world ordered them and used them. Just the other day, I visited (d)_____ the Kaneko Kohyo gallery and saw some very nice accessories on display. They were made (e)_____ pieces of Giyaman plates that were cracked, broken or **otherwise** couldn't be sold. They say that there are as many of these **irregular** Giyaman plates as there are plates for sale. In fact, the same amount (f)_____ human **labor** is used to make them. Rie (@rie_no_ito) is a *kintsugi* artist, which means she puts broken pottery pieces back together (g)_____ gold. She creates Giyaman accessories using *kintsugi* techniques. I admire her wonderful **works**. I bought a brooch and earrings. I love them, so I wear them every day.

- ・ pottery = 陶器
- ・ porcelain = 磁器
- ・ glaze = 釉薬
- ・ palace = 宮殿
- ・ otherwise = その他の点では
- ・ irregular A = 規格外のA
- ・ labor = 作品
- ・ work(s) = 作品

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How would you Respond?

可能な返事が3つあります。当てはまらないものにXをつけましょう。

There are 3 correct answers and 1 that doesn't fit. Find the ONE answer that DOES NOT make sense.

- A: Did you ask for Friday off?**
B: Yes.
A: And what did your boss say?
B: (1)
 a. She told me it wasn't possible.
 b. He said I could have the day off.
 c. She told that I had to ask Mr. Dunn.
 d. He asked me to work on Saturday instead.

Answers on p. 11

-
A: Mei and I had a big argument.
B: Oh, no! She's your best friend!
A: What do you think I should do?
B: (2)
 a. Why don't you ask me?
 b. I think you should call her.
 c. I suggest writing her a letter.
 d. I'd apologize to her if I were you.

-
A: Man, I'm out of breath*! *息を切らしている
B: Why didn't you take the elevator?
A: It's out of order.
B: (3)
 a. Again? They just fixed it!
 b. That old thing breaks down a lot.
 c. I guess you'll have to take the stairs.
 d. I wonder if they've called a repairman.



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Susan's Diary

★Tuesday, Sep. 10th (11:05 p.m.)

I went to **renew my license** today. The driver's license center is a 30-minute walk, a 10-minute bus ride, or a 5-minute taxi ride from Hirabari Station. I got to Hirabari early, but there was a taxi at the taxi stand, so I **hopped in!** When I got there, I saw that the building had been completely rebuilt. It was modern and spacious. They have a new system too — you have to have an appointment to renew your license — so it was less crowded than it was last time, and everything went smoothly. Five years ago, it took two and a half hours to renew my license; this time, it took only an hour and fifteen minutes. That was nice! **Not knowing how long it was going to take**, I had kept my morning and early afternoon open, but I finished earlier than expected, so I decided to walk back to the station. It was really hot and **humid** that day. After a while, I stopped at a convenience store to get **something cold to drink**. Then I stopped at a park to wash my hands and **put my hair in a ponytail**. After walking some more, I came to a **side street** where a car was waiting to turn left. I stopped and waited to cross. But I noticed something. **In just a split second**, these thoughts went through my head: the driver is looking at me, she **looks like** my homestay sister, but Junko lives in another part of town, but her family lives near Hirabari, maybe it *is* Junko! And then I **said out loud**, "Junko?" She couldn't hear me because her window was up, but she **read my lips**. She rolled down her window and said, "Hop in!" So I did! We decided to surprise her mom. She still lives in the house where I used to live. Another one of my sisters was at home that day, too, so **the four of us** talked and laughed for a couple of hours. It was a great day! **What a lucky coincidence!** If I hadn't decided to walk, I wouldn't have seen my host mom and sisters!

Notes and examples:

renew A = Aを更新する

- ① I have to renew my passport soon.
- ② Where do I go to renew my driver's license?

hop in (to) (a car) = 車に飛び乗る

- ① Hop in the car and I'll drive you home.
- ② Joe asked for a ride, and I told him to hop in!

Not knowing ~, ... = ~とは知らず、...

- ① Not knowing what to say, she stayed silent.
- ② Not knowing how many people were coming, she didn't know how many pizzas to order.

humid = 湿度の高い、むしむしする

- ① It's so humid. I can't seem to cool off.
- ② It has been so hot and humid this summer.

something ____ to drink = 何か ____ 飲み物

- ① I want something cold to drink.
- ② I like something hot to drink before bedtime.

put someone's hair in a ponytail

= 人の髪をポニーテールにする

- ① I put my hair in a ponytail before I go running.
- ② Mom, will you put my hair in a ponytail for me?

side street = 脇道

- ① A car came out of a side street and hit my car.
- ② Go left on the main road, and then turn right onto the third side street.

in (just) a split second = 瞬時に、一瞬にして

- ① In a split second, everything changed.
- ② He made his decision in a split second.

look like A = Aに似ている

- ① Everyone says I look just like my mom.
- ② That guy looks like your dad! Is that him?

say A out loud[aloud] = Aを声に出して言う

- ① Try saying this word out loud.
- ② Don't say your password out loud.

read (someone's) lips = 人の唇の動きで言葉を読む

- ① I can't read lips. Can you?
- ② I couldn't hear him, but I could read his lips.

the ____ of us = 私たち ____人

- ① The three of us stayed in one hotel room.
- ② He sent a thank-you letter to the four of us.

What a (lucky) coincidence!

= 何という(幸運な)偶然なんでしょう!

- ① You lived in Rome, too? What a coincidence!
- ② Karen and I were on the same flight! What a lucky coincidence!



LISTEN CAREFULLY

Go to www.et-people.com to listen to the audio and fill in the blanks with the words you hear.

オーディオを聞いて、空欄の入る語句を記入してください。

The following is a news report.

A 34-year-old man from Texas has been **fined** \$7,500 after his **disruptive behavior** forced an (a) _____ landing during a flight from Los Angeles to (b) _____. The **incident**, which happened in June 2023, was reported to the pilot, who then **diverted** the plane to Denver International Airport. When the plane landed, the disruptive man was arrested by police. A spokesman for the airline said the man was **intoxicated** and refused to follow the (c) _____ instructions. His behavior caused the pilot to **dump fuel** and land the plane early. He **pleaded guilty to disorderly conduct** and endangering passenger (d) _____. In addition to the fine, he must repay the (e) _____ \$6,200 for operational costs. A spokesperson for the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) said, "Disruptive actions in the air put everyone at risk, and **offenders** will face serious (f) _____." Airlines have reported an (g) _____ in unruly passenger incidents. The FAA has received over 900 reports so far this year.

・be fined = 罰金が科される

・disruptive = 破壊的な

・behavior = 行為

・incident = 事件, 出来事

・divert (a plane) = (飛行機を)迂回させる

・be intoxicated = 酔っている = be drunk

・dump fuel = 燃料放出する

・plead guilty = 有罪を認める

・disorderly conduct = 治安紊乱行為

・offender = 違反者

Answers
on p. 11

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What Comes Next?

Use the expressions below to fill in the blanks.

下の表現を使って空欄を埋めましょう。

Takanori (T) and Justin (J) are having lunch in the company cafeteria.

T: I wish we could eat outside.

J: Me too. But it's still (a) _____ to sit outside. It doesn't feel like the middle of September, does it?

T: It really doesn't. It's supposed to cool off soon, though.

J: I hope so.

T: I think the weather guy said it'll be in the (b) _____ next week.

J: That's still too hot for me.

T: I agree, but it's better than this! Right now the weather app says ... it's 38 degrees.

J: It seems like it's getting hotter and hotter, and the summers are getting longer and longer every year. **Thank God** for air conditioners!

T: I know (c) _____. I couldn't live without one. My parents say they lived without an air conditioner most of their lives. They still don't like to use it.

J: How are they able to sleep? I use mine every night. (d) _____ I could sleep without it.

T: People of their generation think using an air conditioner is bad for their health.

J: I can see that. But I think not being able to sleep is bad for my health!

T: I'm with you! (d) _____ health, did you hear about Mr. Hibino?

J: No. What about him?

T: He was playing golf with some other guys from the office last weekend and **got heatstroke**.

J: Oh, wow! He's in his late 60s, right? Is he OK?

T: He's OK. But he missed work on Monday.

high 20s • way too hot • there's no way
what you mean • speaking of

- Answers on p. 11.
- ・ Thank God for A! = Aはありがたい
 - ・ I can see that. = なるほどね。 / それは分かる。
 - ・ I'm with you! = 同感です!
 - ・ get heatstroke = 熱中症になる

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Your Turn

空欄に入る言葉を考えてみましょう。
数字、名詞、動詞などを入れてください。
答は11ページを参考にしてください。

Use your imagination to fill in the blanks in the story below with a word — a number, a noun, a verb, etc. Sometimes there is more than one right answer. Then compare your answers to Yuko's on p.11.

Salamanca Hall was established in Gifu Prefecture in 1994. It's a concert hall **named after** the (a) _____ of Salamanca, Spain. The entire city is registered as a **World Heritage Site**. The Salamanca Cathedral, which is (b) _____ in the center of the city, has an old pipe organ from the Renaissance period. It was once called the "mute organ" because many of its (c) _____ made no sound when pressed. But with the support of Gifu Prefecture, the organ was **restored to its former glory** by Hiroshi Tsuji of Shirakawa Village, Gifu Prefecture. Six years later, a **replica** of the pipe organ was built for Salamanca Hall. The hall and the organ are symbols of friendship with the country of (d) _____. Salamanca Hall, which is said to have "**miraculous acoustics**," has many secrets. The hall

has 708 seats, making it the perfect size for enjoying classical (e) _____. It is a narrow and high-ceilinged shoebox hall with an oak stage, cork seating, **gently sloping** seating, **sound-absorbing** curtains, heavy ceiling construction, glass chandeliers, and (f) _____ features. The organ has 2,997 pipes plus three flutes held by three angels, bringing the total number of pipes to 3,000. The sound that this organ produces is deep and very impressive, and it also produces bird and animal (g) _____! Such a wonderful hall **attracts** great musicians! Piano, organ, violin, chamber music, orchestra — please go and listen to various kinds of music in this hall! You will be sure to receive the finest **nourishment** for your heart.

- named A after B = BにちなんでAに名前をつける
- World Heritage Site = 世界遺産
- mute = 音が出ない, 沈黙した, 無言の
- restore A (to its former glory) = Aを元(の美しい姿)に戻す
- replica = レプリカ, そっくりな物
- miraculous = 奇跡的な, すばらしい
- acoustics = 音響効果
- gently sloping = 緩やかに傾斜した
- sound-absorbing = 吸音
- attract A = Aを引き付ける
- nourishment = 栄養



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HOW MUCH DO YOU UNDERSTAND?

Read the paragraph and answer the TRUE/FALSE (本当ならT嘘ならF) questions. Answers on p. 11.

Phoenix's record streak of daily high temperatures over 110 degrees Fahrenheit (43.3 degrees Celsius) ended Monday as the extreme heat wave that roasted the Southwest throughout July receded slightly thanks to some much needed rainfall. The historic heat began blasting the region in June, stretching from Texas across New Mexico and Arizona, and even reaching into California's desert. Phoenix and its **suburbs** suffered more and longer than most areas, with a record-breaking 31 **consecutive** days of temperatures over 110 degrees Fahrenheit (43.3 degrees Celsius). The previous record was 18 straight days, set in 1974. The record-breaking streak finally ended on July 31, when the temperature peaked at 108 degrees Fahrenheit (42.2 degrees Celsius) in the late afternoon. As high as that sounds, it was only 2 degrees (1.1 degrees Celsius) above average for that time of year. The relief from extreme heat was expected to be brief, with the forecast calling for highs above 110 for several days near the end of the week.

T • F 1. Phoenix's high temperatures were over 43°C for a full month.

T • F 2. The heatwave continued even though the affected area finally received some badly needed rainfall.

T • F 3. The average temperature in Phoenix at the end of July is 106°F (41.1°C).

- suburb = 吐き気
- consecutive = (薬などの) 用量

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OUT OF ORDER

Can you put Yui's story below back in order?

ストーリーを順序通りに並べることができますか?



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A However, while we were eating, there was a problem — our *shaved ice** was too big and our mouths felt too cold.

*shaved ice = かき氷

B We waited in line* for an hour to enter the shop. I had honey-lemon flavored shaved ice, and my friend had strawberry.

*wait in line = 並んで待つ

C I went to Sakae with my friend last month. First, we walked around window shopping*, but it was too hot, so we decided to go eat some shaved ice.

*walk around ~ing = ~をして歩き回る

D On top of that*, we both got brain freezes* and we couldn't eat it all. Next time, I'll be careful about the size when ordering shaved ice!

*On top of that, ... = その上に、.../ さらに、...

*brain freeze = 冷たいものを急いで食べたときに頭がキーンと痛くなること

E We went to a shop that is popular on social media* and is only open during the summer, so there was a long line.

*social media = SNS、ソーシャルメディア

F It was delicious, but I felt that it tasted even better* because I had waited in line for an hour.

*even better = もっと良い、さらに良い

The correct order is _____ . (Answer on p. 11.)

SIMPLIFY IT!

This story is easy to understand if you replace the words in bold with the words/phrases below.

ボールド体の難しい単語や熟語を下の簡単な単語に置き換えてみましょう。

The things we eat and drink, the way we travel, and the things we buy all have an impact on our environment. Do you worry about your personal ecological ①**footprint**. If you do and you want to reduce the impact you have on the environment, here are a few *relatively** easy things you can do at home. Turn off lights and devices when they are not needed. Run the washer or dishwasher only when full. Wash clothes in warm or cold water instead of hot water. ②**Adjust** your *thermostat** so that you keep the temperature a bit lower than you usually do in winter and a bit higher in summer. Recycle paper, plastic, glass, and metal. Buy ③**energy-efficient** light bulbs and *appliances**. Whenever possible, choose recyclable products over ④**disposable** ones. You might want to carry a refillable bottle and your own *silverware** or chopsticks. Finally, *insulate** your walls and ceilings, if possible, and ⑤**install** insulation around doors and windows. These small changes can add up and make a real difference in the fight against global warming.

put in • impact • energy-saving
one-use • change the setting on

- relatively = 比較的、割と
- thermostat = 自動温度調節器。
- appliance = 電化製品
- silverware = (ナイフ・フォーク・スプーンなどの)金属食器
- insulate = 断熱する、絶縁する

Answers on p. 11.

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ANSWERS

P2 POP QUIZ

1-unemployed 2-dorm 3-manage to
4-can't afford 5-assured me 6-curious
7-apply for 8-make a toast

P2 MATCHING

1-b 2-c 3-f 4-h 5-e 6-a 7-g 8-d

P3 1-POINT QUIZ

①-my friend ②-a friend of mine
1-my passport 2-my dentist 3-their
coach 4-his boss 5-a relative of hers
6-my mistake 7-a bad habit of mine
8-a book of his 9-a song of theirs
10-a computer of mine

P4 MICRO LESSON QUIZ

1-blind date 2-arrogant 3-knockoff
4-braces 5-went wrong 6-bedside manner
7-has a screw loose 8-prehistoric

P4 SENTENCE SCRAMBLE

1-They left the party without saying goodbye.
2-She got married without telling her family.
3-My son makes his bed without being asked.
4-I can't spell that word without using a
dictionary.
5-Without studying at all, she managed to
pass the test.

P6 PREPOSITIONS

a-to b-at c-over d-X e-from f-of g-with

P6 HOW WOULD YOU RESPOND?

1-c 2-a 3-c

P8 LISTEN CAREFULLY

a-emergency b-Miami c-crew's
d-safety e-airline f-penalties g-increase

P8 WHAT COMES NEXT?

a-way too hot b-high 20s c-what you
mean d-There's no way e-Speaking of

P9 YOUR TURN

a-city b-located c-keys d-Spain
e-music f-other g-sounds

P10 HOW MUCH DO YOU

UNDERSTAND? 1-T 2-T 3-T

P10 OUT OF ORDER C-E-B-F-A-D

P11 SIMPLIFY IT!

1-impact 2-change the setting on
3-energy-saving 4-one-use 5-put in

That's Not ENGLISH!

Kelly (K) is talking to Rimiko (R).

- K: How did you do over the weekend?
 R: We went to a *yana* restaurant last Sunday.
 K: What's a yana? Is it a kind of food?
 R: A yana is a low **dam**. It's a platform made of bamboo that goes across part of a river and slows the river down. The water runs over the bamboo and falls through the gaps, and only fish **are left** on the bamboo.
 K: Oh! So, it's like a **trap** for fish!
 R: Yes, but visitors can also walk on the bamboo platform and **splash around** in the water.
 K: That sounds fun! And cool!
 R: It is! And there are yana restaurants near the yana. They serve lots of food, especially *ayu*.
 K: Ayu is a kind of fish, right?
 R: Right. The restaurant we went to had ayu sashimi, deep fried ayu, burned ayu with salt, burned ayu with miso, ayu kanroni (boiled ayu with sugar), in other things.
 K: Wow. Chefs can do a lot of things with ayu!
 R: They sure can! Everything was really good. We had a nice time eating and playing on the yana. My family and I go there every summer.
 K: That's a nice summer tradition!

- ★ dam = ダム, 堰
- ★ be left = 残っている = remain
- ★ trap = 罠
- ★ splash around = 水遊びをする

Read the conversation and find the 3 words or phrases that native speakers don't use.

この会話は不自然なところがあります。3 個すべて見つけることができますか?

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Did you find all 3 of the mistakes? Let's check and practice the phrases.

① ~~How did you do~~ → What did you do

- a A: **What did you do** last night?
 B: I watched TV and went to bed early.
- b A: I went to Tokyo last weekend.
 B: What did you do there?
 A: I visited my grandparents.

② ~~burned~~ → grilled

- a A: We're having **grilled** fish for dinner.
 B: Don't burn it like you did last time.
- b A: What is *yakitori*?
 B: It's grilled chicken on a stick. You'll like it. It's really good!

③ ~~in another ~s~~ → among other ~s

- a This phone has a big screen and a great camera, **among other** features.
- b A: Why did he quit the team?
 B: He had to practice a lot, and his grades were suffering, **among other** things.

日本人が
思いつかない
3 語
で言える
英語表現 186

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