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POP GUIZ!

Did you read last month's ETP? Take the quiz! Fill in the blanks with the choices below.

下の表現を使って空欄を埋めましょう。

in case • grew up • aren't l afraid to • nursing home • last minute remind me • above and beyond

- 1. A: Why didn't he ride the new roller coaster?
 - B: He was () ride it.
- 2. A: Did you give the dog his medicine?
 - B: Not yet. () to give it to him with his dinner.
- 3. A: Are you from the States?
 - B: Actually, I was born in Argentina, but I () here in Tokyo.
- 4. A: Hi, honey! Why are you home so early!
 - B: My last meeting of the day got canceled at the (), so I left early.
- 5. A: What's that blue thing in your bag?
 - B: A poncho. I brought one for you, too, () it rains. Here.
 - A: *Smart thinking*!* Thanks!
- 6. A: Heather was voted Teacher of the Year.
 - B: She *deserves** it! She works hard and helps the students with homework after school.
 - A: She goes (
- 7. A: How is your grandfather doing?
 - B: He likes the (
 He says the food is pretty good and the physical therapist is helping him a lot.
 - A: Good! I hope he can go back home soon.
- 8. A: This train is headed for the airport, right?
 - B: Airport?
 - A: Oh, my gosh! I'm on the wrong train, ()?
 - B: Yes, but don't worry. Get off at the next stop and ask the *platform attendant**.

- Answers on p. 11.

- be voted A = Aに選ばれる
- smart[good] thinking = 良い考えですね
- deserve A = Aを受けるに値する
- platform attendant = ホーム係員

MATCHING

The examples below use

AS + SV

[~につれて・~しながら]

Can you match the parts that go together? 上と下をつないで意味の通る文章を作りましょう。

As I get older, ... [1]=[b]

As we waited to buy tickets, ... [2]=[

As the earth gets hotter, ... [3]=[

As the train **approached** the station, ... [4]=[

We will need more employees ... [5]=[

The mother watched her kids ... [6]=[

She **knocked over** the coffee mug ... [7]=[]

The view become more and more

amazing ... [8]=[]

- [a] ... we'll see more **extreme weather**.
- [b] ... I worry less about little things.
- [c] ... as they **boarded** their school bus.
- [d] ... as our products get more popular.
- [e] ... the line got longer and longer.
- [f] ... as she stood up to answer the door.
- [g] ... passengers got ready to get off.
- [h] ... as we climbed the mountain.
- ・approach A = Aに近づく =
- ・knock A over/knock over A = Aをひっくり返す
- · extreme weather = 異常気象
- ・board A = Aに乗る
- · passenger = 乗客

Answers on p. 11.

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1-POINT GUIZ

ボックス内の例を見て、ルールを考えて、 クイズを解いて見ましょう。

Using **IN CASE • IN CASE OF** can be confusing. Look at the examples below:

- 1 You should take an umbrella in case it rains.
 - = You should take an umbrella because it might rain and you want to be prepared.
- ② I don't think it's going to rain, but take your umbrella just in case.
 - = I don't think it's going to rain, but take your umbrella because you want to be prepared.
- (3) In case of rain, close all windows.
 = If [When] it rains, please close all windows.

What's the Rule?

Circle the correct answer.

- ① [In case + SV · In case of + NOUN]
 means "in preparation for something that
 might happen." [~する[~である]場合に備えて]
- ② [Just in case · In case of + Noun]
 means "in preparation for something that might happen," and that "something" is understood from context[文脈]. [念の為]
- ③ [In case + SV · In case of + Noun] means "if or when something happens." [~の際に]

Fill in the blanks with on of these phrases: IN CASE • IN CASE OF • JUST IN CASE.

- 1. [] fire, pull this alarm.
- 2. I'll take a sweater [] it's chilly in the theater.
- 3. [] rain, the race will **be postponed** until the following week.
- 4. Take a snack [] you get hungry between classes.
- 5. [] lost **luggage**, please go to the airline's lost **baggage** counter.
- 6. My phone is at 80%, but I'd better take my portable charger [].
- 7. **[]** an earthquake, take the stairs. Do not take the elevator.
- 8. I think I have enough cash, but I'll take my credit card [].
- 9. A: You know what to do [an emergency, right?
 - B: Yes, Mom. Call 911.
- 10. A: Why are you taking a map?
 - B: [] I get lost and my phone battery **dies**.

Answers on p. 11.

- ・chilly = 少し寒い
- ·be postponed (until__) = (_まで)延期される
- · baggage = luggage = 手荷物
- ・portable charger = モバイルバッテリー
- . die = (バッテリーが)切れる









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FOLLOW ETPEOPLE! AND TAKE THE

micro lesson quiz

Fill in the blanks with the choices below. 下の表現を使って空欄を埋めましょう。

chaotic • high-end • property taxes bright-eyed • fender bender • nectar caught in the rain • nitpicky

- 1. A: Goodness! What happened to you? B: I got ().
 - A: Go change out of those wet clothes.
- 2. A: What's in this cocktail? Rum?
 - B: Yes, and the secret **ingredient** is peach
- 3. A: Why did they sell that beautiful house?
 - B: Because the (were too high.
- 4. A: I heard Justin moved out.
 - B: Yes. He said his roommate was too () about cleaning, noise and everything.
- 5. A: Sorry I'm late. I had an accident.
 - B: Oh, no! Are you OK?
 - A: I'm fine. My car has a few scratches. It was just a ().
- 6. A: Those shoes are cool! I've never seen that brand. Where can I buy them?
 - B: () department stores usually **carry** them.
- 7. A: Let's go to the festival downtown!
 - B: OK, but let's take the subway.
 - A: Good idea. It's ()
 downtown whenever there is a festival.
- 8. A: Were the students excited about the **school trip** today?
 - A: Yes! They all arrived at school on time. They were () and bushy-tailed.

- Answers on p. 11

- ingredient = 材料, 成分
- carry A = A(商品) を扱っている
- school trip = 修学旅行, 学校の遠足 = field trip

Sentence Scramble

Can you unscramble E-class's sentences? 単語を並べ替えて文章を作りましょう。

Use **TAKE TURNS ~ing** in each sentence. 【交代で~する】

例: I My and the wife take turns dishes doing

My wife and I take turns doing the dishes.

- 1. out The loud took turns reading students
- 2. a so It's let's take long turns drive, driving
- 3. In the the ball take this game, turns players hitting
- 4. so it We we have only one take turns using computer,
- 5. eggs take warm turns their keeping Penguin parents

Answers on p. 11.

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A Simple Solution*

Becky works for the Department of Highway and Safety Services (DHSS) of her state. She answers calls, letters and emails from citizens who have questions or **complaints** about the state's roads and highways. People contact the DHSS for lots of reasons — to report a dead animal on the road, to report damaged or vandalized road signs, to complain about potholes, to let the DHSS know about dangerous areas that need better signs, and things like that. It's Becky's job to collect the information and pass it on to the appropriate usually cross?" Becky asked. person.

One Monday morning, Becky got a call from an elderly woman named Jean.

"Department of Highway and Safety Services." Becky Harris speaking. How may I help you today?"

"Hello," Jean said, "I'd like to report a problem."

Becky said, "Yes, ma'am. What is the problem?"

Jean explained, "I live along a highway, and there are a lot of accidents in this area."

Becky asked, "What area is that, ma'am?"

"Somerset County. I live way out on Valley Road."

Becky asked, "And is there an accident you'd like to report today, ma'am?"

Jean said, "No. I just want someone to do something about the **frequent** accidents."

"OK," Becky said patiently. "Can you give me more information?"

"I think there's a problem with

the signs," Jean said. "I'm sure that if you just change them, there will be fewer accidents."

"And what kind of accidents are we talking about?" "Accidents involving deer," Jean said. "But I think I have the solution."

"You do?" said Becky. "Well, then, please tell me what you think we should do."

"You should move the deer crossing signs."

"Oh, aren't they on the highway where the deer

"Yes, the signs are along the highway, and the deer do cross there," Jean said.

"I don't understand the problem," said Becky, "but go ahead and tell me what your solution is."

"It's simple," Jean said. "In fact, I don't know why no one has thought of it before. The solution is to move the signs to a quieter road, where the deer will be able to cross the road safely."

solution = 解法 citizen = 市民 complaint = 不平, 文句 report A = Aを通報する, Aを報告する vandalize A = Aを破壊する, 部分的にAを壊す complain (about A) = (Aについて)文句を言う pothole = 道にできた穴 appropriate= 適切な $\mathbf{way} = \mathbf{far} = \mathbf{for}$, はるばる frequent = よく起こる patiently = 辛抱強く, 我慢強く involving A = Aを巻き込んだ deer crossing sign = 「鹿の飛び出しに注意」の標識 go ahead and do = 遠慮せずに~してください 英語リスニングが無料でできる! www.et-people.com





PREPOSITIONS

Put the prepositions in the blanks to finish Maki's story. Use each ONLY ONCE and write **X** if none is needed.

空欄の前置詞を入れましょう。それぞれ一度しか使うことはできません。 前置詞が必要ない場所には X を入れてください。 Answers on p. 11.

at on to for after until X

My sister lives in the States. She moved there over a year ago when she got a job teaching Japanese (a)_____ a university. She has an hour **commute**, so I call her once a week **or so** and talk to her while she's driving (b) work. (She uses a hands-free device, of course.) Morning for her is evening here in Japan, so I usually call her (c) dinner. Well, the other day, I called her at the usual time - around 7:30 p.m. Japan time. The phone rang several times, but she didn't answer. That was strange. She usually answers on the first or second **ring**. I called her back, and this time she answered, but she sounded like she had a cold or something, so I said, "Hi! It's me. Are you OK?"

She said, "I'm fine. I was sleeping. You woke me up."

I thought that was weird because she usually works (d) weekdays. I said, "Aren't you going to work today?"

She said, "Yes, but I was planning to sleep 6:00."

Now I was totally confused. "But it's 6:30! You're going to be late!" I said.

Then she reminded me, "Daylight saving time ended last Sunday. We set the clocks back one hour. It's only 5:30 a.m. (f)_____ here."

"Oh, sorry! I completely forgot!" I said, and we hung up. I called her later and **apologized** (g)_____ waking her up.

- ·commute = 通勤(時間/距離), 通学(時間/距離)
- · ~ or so = ~ほど
- ・hands-free device = 手を使わずに操作できる装置
- ・(second) ring = (二度の) 呼び出し音
- ・weekday = 平日, 土曜日と日曜日以外の日
- ・apologize = 謝る



Respond?

可能な返事が3つあります。 当てはまらないものにXをつけましょう。

There are 3 correct answers and 1 that doesn't fit. Find the ONE answer that DOES NOT make sense.

A: ABC Shoes. How can I help you?

B: Hi. What are your hours?

A: (1)

a. We're open 24 hours a day.

b. From 9 to 9 every day but Sunday.

c. It's every day from 5 p.m. to midnight.

d. We're open from 10 to 7 every day.

A: Hi. C=can I speak to Mike Jones?

B: I'm afraid he's out at the moment.

A: When do you expect him back?

B: (2

a. I'm not sure. He didn't say.

b. We're expecting company at 6:00.

c. Soon. He said he wouldn't be gone very long.

d. By 1:00. He has to be back for an afternoon meeting.

A: Hey, Josh, where are you going?

B: To copy some documents. Why?

A: The meeting is about to start.

B: (3)

a. It's about the new contracts.

b. OK. I'll be there in a second.

c. I know. Go on ahead without me.

Answers

on p. 11

d. I'll be there as soon as I finish this.



Sugan's Diary

★Friday, Nov. 1st (11:05 p.m.)

I started my Christmas shopping today! I'm early, I know, but I love shopping. Maybe it's because my family is in **retail**. I especially love shopping between Thanksgiving and Christmas because I love the holiday decorations, Christmas music and all of the pretty things on display! And, of course, I love it when I can find **great deals**. Black Friday sales are awesome for that! And Black Friday isn't just one day anymore! But I only shop online during Black Friday sales because I don't like shopping when stores are super **crowded**. Another shopping day I love is the Saturday after Thanksgiving — Small Business Saturday. It's a new tradition that started in 2010 to **promote** shopping at small, locally owned businesses, like my family's stores. On that day, I always try to buy something at a local shop or even at a small business online. It feels good to support local businesses! But every year, as it gets closer to Christmas, I start to feel like my holiday spending is **out of control.** Well, the other day, I discovered another day around Thanksgiving that may be the antidote to that feeling! It's called Buy Nothing Day. It was started by an artist named Ted Dave in Canada in September 1992. In 1997, it was moved to the Friday after American Thanksgiving, which is Black Friday, and now it is held on the last Saturday in November in some countries. I like the idea, but I need to buy Christmas presents and I want to support small businesses, so I don't want to give up shopping on Buy Nothing Day. However, I've come up with a good **compromise** — I'll plan one Buy Nothing Day every month! On that day, I will **resist the urge to** spend money. I won't shop, buy snacks, order takeout, or shop online. I think it will make me appreciate the things I already have, and it will make me think more carefully before I buy things. It'll be good for my wallet and my stress levels! My first Buy Nothing Day will be Thanksgiving Day, which is November 28th this year.

Notes and examples:

(the) retail (business) = 小売業

- ① The retail business is tough these days.
- ② I have a lot of experience working in retail.

great[good] deal = 安い買い物, 買い得品

- ① I found a lot of great deals at the sale.
- ② Only ¥2,500? That's a great deal! I'll take two.

crowded = 込み合った, 満員の

- ① I left the bar because it was too crowded.
- ② The park is always crowded on Sundays.

promote A = Aを促進する

- The school has a new program to promote reading.
- ② The company offers free gym memberships to employees to promote exercise.

support A = Aを支援する, Aを支持する

- ① That shop supports local artists.
- ② Our company supports kids' sports leagues.

as $SV = \sim cont$

- ① We get forgetful as we get older.
- ② As the day of the concert got closer, she got more and more nervous.

out of control = 手に負えない, 制御不能

- ① Christmas shopping can get out of control.
- ② I'm worried that his drinking has gotten out of control.

the antidote to A = Aに対する解毒剤

- ① For me, laughter is the antidote to stress.
- ② My teacher says the antidote to boredom is studying something new.

give up A[~ing] = Aをやめる, Aを控える, Aを慎む

- ① My doctor made me give up smoking.
- ② I gave up drinking for a whole month, and I felt great! I might just quit for good!

compromise = 妥協的解決策

- ① The two groups reached a compromise.
- ② I don't want to go out, but I don't want to cook. Ordering pizza is the perfect compromise.

resist the urge to $do = \sim$ したい衝動を抑える

- ① I resisted the urge to shout at my boss.
- ② She tried to resist the urge to check her phone.

appreciate A = Aの良さ[大切さ]が分かる

- ① I've learned to appreciate the little things.
- ② Now that I'm a mom, I appreciate my mom more.

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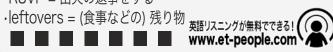
LISTEN CAREFULL

Go to www.et-people.com to listen to the audio and fill in the blanks with the words you hear.

オーディオを聞いて、空欄の入る語句を記入してください。

The following is a conversation between Sue and her husband. Dan.

- S: We need to plan Thanksgiving dinner. Emma is coming, and she's a (a) _____ now.
- D: And don't forget my brother Mike is allergic to shellfish.
- S: That won't be a (b)_____. A traditional Thanksgiving dinner doesn't include shellfish.
- D: Oh, that's right. I wasn't thinking.
- S: So, the main dish will be turkey, of course, but we need a meatless main dish for Emma.
- D: How about something with mushrooms? They have a (c)_____ flavor, and I know she loves them.
- S: Oh! I saw a good recipe for stuffed mushrooms online. I think I (d) it. I'll look for it later.
- D: Are we having the usual (e) , too?
- S: Yes, everyone will be expecting them. But let's add some roasted vegetables. I love them, and I think Emma will, too.
- D: OK. And for dessert, are we sticking with pumpkin pie?
- S: Of course! It's not Thanksgiving without it! But we need four or five pies. There'll be 21 people for sure — maybe 23.
- D: Who hasn't **RSVPed** yet?
- S: Aunt Peg and Uncle Joe. They get back from Spain tomorrow, so I (f)_____ to hear from them soon.
- D: OK, so I'll write down three pumpkin pies and three (g)_____pies.
- S: That's a lot of pies! But they're easy to make.
- D: Well, if we have **leftovers**, we can eat them!
- S: I like how you think! Now, for drinks . . .
- ·be allergic to shellfish = 甲殻類にアレルギーがある
- ·stick with A = 従来通りAをする
- ·lt's not A without B = Bがないと、AはAらしくない
- ·RSVP = 出欠の返事をする



What Comes Nex

Use the expressions below to fill in the blanks. 下の表現を使って空欄を埋めましょう。

- Gabby (B) and Brian (B) are at home watching TV. They see a commercial for Thanksgiving food.
- G: Hey, what are we doing for Thanksgiving?
- B: Well, my mom has already invited us to their house. She's (a)______ for a big turkey dinner again.
- G: It was fun meeting all of your *relatives** last year, and the food was great, but ...
- B: She promised she'd make that apple pie you loved! And pumpkin pie, too, of course.
- G: Yum ... that sounds good. Your mom can really bake*! But my mom and dad asked if we could go to their house this time. We've only visited them twice since we moved here.
- B: You're right. But my sister and her kids will be there, and I know the kids miss you a lot.
- G: Aw, that's sweet. This is tough. Some of your relatives are coming (b)_____ from Italy too. But my parents might feel left out* if we go to your parents' again this year.
- B: I have an idea! (c)______ we *do Thanksgiving** at my parents' house and then spend Christmas with your parents?
- G: Hmm, (d)_____. My parents do love Christmas. Let me see what they think* before you tell your parents yes, though.
- B: OK. Ask your parents tomorrow! Thanksgiving is

all the way • that might work • what if just around the corner • having everyone over

- · relative(s) = 親戚
- · can really bake = 焼き菓子作りがとても上手
- ・feel left out = 寂しい気がする
- ・do + *holiday* = 祝日を祝う

Answers on p. 11.

・let me see what they think 英語リスニングが無料でできる! = 彼らの意見を聞かせてください www.et-people.com





our Turn

空欄に入る言葉を考えてみましょう。 数字、名詞、動詞などを入れてください。 答は11ページを参考にしてください。

Use your imagination to fill in the blanks in the story below with a word — a number, a noun, a verb, etc. Sometimes there is more than one right answer. Then compare your answers to Kate's on p.11.

Last summer it was really hot in Nagoya. I used my air conditioner every day for over three months straight. It got me thinking about what I would do if my air conditioner suddenly broke. In the middle of summer, it could take two or three weeks to get it (a) or **have a** new one installed. During that time, working and sleeping in such (b) humid weather would be unbearable. So, I made a mental note to buy an air conditioner for my spare bedroom in the fall (when they usually go on sale) so that I would be able to work and sleep in that room **if necessary.** Well, now it's November, and many of the 2024 models are finally on , so last Monday, I went to the **appliance** store to check prices. A young man named Kuroda-san helped me. He was very nice all of my questions. I was looking for an air conditioner with a high energy efficiency rating. The model I wanted was on sale, and Kuroda-san offered to give me an extra 10% (e) . Unfortunately. I hadn't planned to buy anything that day and didn't have my credit card with me, so I told him I'd come back the next day to order it. He looked a little apologetic and said that Tuesday was his day off.

I asked, "Do you get a commission?" He seemed unsure how to answer, so I explained, "If you do, I'll wait until the next time you're working." He admitted that he does get a (f) , and he seemed happy to hear that I wanted to buy it from him. He gave me his business card and wrote down his schedule. The following Friday, I returned to the store and bought the air conditioner from him. Afterwards. I went down to the first floor to look at front-door **intercoms**. I couldn't find to help me, so I went to the register, where several clerks were standing and talking, and I said, "Excuse me, I need some help with intercoms." The cashier waved to someone, and a salesclerk hurried over to me — it was Kuroda-san again! As we walked to the intercom section, I joked, "Are you the only sales guy working here? Or are there two of you?" He laughed and then helped me choose an intercom. I think that appliance store is lucky to have a go-getter like Kuroda-san!

- ___ months straight = __为月連続
- ・have A installed = Aを設置してもらう
- ・unbearable = 耐え難い、我慢できない
- ・make a mental note = 心に留めておく
- · if necessarv = 必要なら
- · appliance = (家庭用)電化製品
- ・energy efficiency rating= 省エネ評価
- offer to do = ~することを申し出る
- ・apologetic = 申し分けなさそう
- ・get a commission = 歩合をもらう
- ・admit (that) SV = ~を認める
- ・(front-)door intercom = ドアホン
- ・go-getter = 野心家, 頑張り屋







HOW MUCH UNDERSTANDS

Read the paragraph and answer the TRUE/FALSE (本当ならT嘘ならF) questions. Answers on p. 11.

In the past, numerous studies showed that married people tend to be healthier than single people, but a recent study has found that it's actually more complicated than that. The study involved 303 volunteers, 204 married people and 99 single adults. All of the volunteers wore devices that recorded their blood pressure at random times over 24 hours. Those who were married also filled out questionnaires about their marriage. The study found that among happily married people, the higher the lower satisfaction. the the blood pressure. The opposite was true for those reporting low marital satisfaction. In fact, on average, those unhappy people had higher married blood pressure than the singles did. These results suggest that it is not simply the state of being married that is beneficial. Instead, it is the quality of the relationship that improves the health of the partners.

- T F 1. In this study, subjects' health was determined by measuring their blood pressure.
- T F 2. All of the participants in the study filled out a questionnaire.
- T F 3. Happy married people were healthier than unhappy ones, but all were healthier than singles.



OUT OF ORDER

Can you put Chiharu's story below back in order?

ストーリーを順序通りに 並べることができますか?



A But the dentist prescribed* an antibiotic* to prevent infection* just in case, and I had to take it for three days.

*prescribe〈medicine〉=〈薬〉を処方する
*antibiotic = 抗生物質
*prevent infection = 感染を防ぐ

Last Tuesday, I went to the dentist's and had two wisdom teeth pulled *.

*have a tooth pulled = 歯を抜いてもらう
*wisdom tooth = 親知らず, 知恵歯

Unfortunately, I had a bad reaction to* it, and now I have a rash* all over! I'm so itchy*!

*have a bad reaction to A = Aによるひどい悪影響が出る
*have a rash = 発疹ができている
*itchy = かゆい

It didn't hurt afterwards* either, and I didn't need any painkillers*.

*afterward(s) = その後 *painkiller = pain medicine = 痛みの薬

It took the dentist only five minutes* to pull them.

*take someone 〈time〉 to *do* = 人が~するまで〈時間〉がかかる

It didn't hurt at all* while he was pulling them. The worst thing was the local anesthesia* shot*.

*not hurt at all = 全然痛くない *local anesthesia = 局所麻酔 *shot = injection = 注射

The correct order is ______ (Answer on p. 11.)

This story is easy to understand if you replace the words in bold with the words/phrases below.

ボールド体の難しい単語や熟語を下の簡単な 単語に置き換えてみましょう。

We all know people who never seems to get sick. What is their secret*? Well. they have many. First, they have probably **given up** or cut back on their bad habits because they know cigarette smoke (even secondhand smoke*), too much alcohol, and too much junk food can lower their 2immunity. Second, they most likely do some kind of 3 moderate exercise regularly to boost their immune system and maintain their overall health. Third, they keep their hands clean, of course, but also frequently clean the surfaces of their computer keyboards, cellphone, and desk. Fourth, they have found a way, like yoga, jogging, or *meditation**, to lower their stress levels and stay balanced. And finally, they probably get a 4flu shot and keep up with their Covid-19 shots to add an extra layer of protection. If we all do these things consistently*, we, too, can **5minimize** our risk of getting sick when cold and flu season comes around.

medium-level • quit • influenza vaccine lessen • protection against sickness

- ·secret = 秘訣, こつ
- ・secondhand smoke = 受動喫煙(の煙)
- · meditation = 瞑想
- ・consistently = 一貫して、常に

Answers on p. 11.



ANSWERS

P2 POP QUIZ

2-Remind me 3-grew up 1-afraid to 4–last minute 5–in case 6-above and 8 –aren't I beyond 7-nursing home

P2 MATCHING

1-b 2-e 3-a 4-g 5-d 6-c 7-f 8-h

P3 1-POINT QUIZ

1)-In case +SV 2)-Just in case 3)-In case of 1–In case of 2–in case 3–In case of 4-in case 5-In case of 6-just in case 7-In case of 8-just in case 9-in case of 10-In case

P4 MICRO LESSON QUIZ

1-caught in the rain 2-nectar 3-property taxes 4-nitpicky 5-fender bender 6-High-end 7-chaotic 8-bright-eyed

P4 SENTENCE SCRAMBLE

1–The students took turns reading out loud. 2–It's a long drive, so let's take turns driving. 3–In this game, the players take turns

hitting the ball.

4-We have only one computer, so we take turns using it.

5-Penguin parents take turns keeping their eggs warm.

P6 PREPOSITIONS

a-at b-to c-after d-on e-until f-X q-for

P6 HOW WOULD YOU RESPOND? 1-c 2-b 3-a

P8 LISTEN CAREFULLY

a-vegetarian b-problem c-meaty d-bookmarked e-sides f-expect g-apple

P8 WHAT COMES NEXT?

a-having everyone over b-all the way c-What if d-that might work e-just around the corner

P9 YOUR TURN

a-repaired[fixed] b-hot c-sale d-answered e-discount[off] f-commission g-clerk [salesclerk]

P10 HOW MUCH DO YOU UNDERSTAND? 1-T 2-F 3-F

P10 OUT OF ORDER B-E-F-D-A-C

P11 SIMPLIFY IT!

1-quit 2-protection against sickness 3-medium-level 4-influenza vaccine 5-lessen

That's ENGLISH!

One Monday morning, Jess (J) and her coworker, Miyo (M), are talking on their coffee break.

- J: How was your weekend? Did you go anywhere?
- M: I spent slowly. My husband and I *stayed in** and watched movies. What about you?
- J: I went to that gallery I told you about the one that opened last spring.
- M: Oh, you finally went! How about it?
- J: It was great! There's a photography exhibition there right now. It ends on November 24th
- M: What are the photos of?
- J: The photographer is from a little German village called Bacharach. So they were all photos of scenery from her hometown.
- M: Did you get to meet the artist?
- J: No, she wasn't there this weekend.
- M: That's too bad.
- J: But I met the owners of the gallery! They're a couple in their 70s. They're really nice. And I couldn't believe how energish they were!
- M: Are they Japanese?
- J: Yes, but they've traveled a lot, and they speak many languages. They have a little cafe in the back where I sat and talked with them. I think I'll go there a lot *from now on**.
- M: Sounds nice. I'd love to go there with you. Let me know when you're going next time.
- J: I will! You'll love it there!
- ★ stay in = 家にいる, 外出しない
- ★ from now on = すごく、非常に

Read the conversation and find the 3 words or phrases that native speakers don't use.

この会話は不自然なところがあります。3個すべて見つけることができますか?



Did you find all 3 of the mistakes? Let's check and practice the phrases.

- ① spent slowly → took it easy
- A: Did you go out on Saturday night?
 - B: No, I stayed home and took it easy.
- ы A: You skipped the gym last Sunday?
 - B: Sorry, I had jet lag, so I stayed home and **took it easy**. I'll be there tonight!
- ② How about it? → How was it?
- A: I went to a concert last night.
 - B: How was it?
- - B: The food was amazing!
- ③ energish → energetic
- I like dogs, but that dog is too **energetic** for me! He never stops moving!
- - B: You're an early bird like me! I'm much more **energetic** in the morning.

